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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/751,520	12/29/2000	Bradley J. Quinn	1840	8825
30408	7590 02/11/2005	EXAMINER		
GATEWAY	Y, INC. TT CHARLES RICHAR	NGUYEN, NHON D		
	AY DR., Y-04	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
N. SIOUX C	ITY, SD 57049	2179		

DATE MAILED: 02/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/751,52		QUINN, BRADLEY J.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Nhon (Gar	/) D Nguyen	2179				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport				idress			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reper period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no ever ly within the statu will apply and will e, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be time tory minimum of thirty (30) days expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. communication.			
Status								
1)🖾	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 S	September 2	<u>004</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims		1	,				
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	 Claim(s) 1-15,17-22,27-32 and 34 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-15,17-22,27-32 and 34 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Applicat	ion Papers			•				
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examina The drawing(s) filed on 29 December 2000 is/s Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examina to the specific product of the specific pro	are: a)⊠ ace e drawing(s) b ction is require	e held in abeyance. See ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureation and Copies of the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been nts have been prity docume nu (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applicati nts have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	l Stage			
Attachmer	• •							
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date	3)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	(O-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This communication is responsive to amendment, filed 09/20/2004.
- 2. Claims 1-15, 17-22, 27-32 and 34 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 9, 13, 19 and 27 are independent claims. In the amendment, claim 33 is canceled, no claim is amended, and claim 34 is added. This action is made final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1, 9, 13, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Moshfeghi (US 6,476,833).

As per independent claim 1, Moshfeghi teaches a method of configuring a user interface, comprising:

receiving user interface data describing one or more user interface functions on a remote device through a network (the content of the user profile; col. 3, line 19);

comparing the user interface data with a user interface template, the user interface template including one or more representations (col. 8, lines 35-44 and col. 11, lines 8-9); and configuring a display of the one or more representations based on the user interface data, each

representation corresponding to one of the user interface functions on the remote device and capable of interaction by a user therewith (col. 3, lines 19-25).

As per independent claims 9, 13, and 19, they are rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-5, 8-15, 17-22, 27-32 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Humpleman in view of Moshfeghi.

As per independent claim 1, Humpleman teaches a method of configuring a user interface, comprising:

receiving user interface data describing one or more user interface functions on a remote device through a network (col. 7, lines 6-7 and col. 7, lines 48-58);

configuring a display of one or more representations based on the user interface data, each representation corresponding to one of the user interface functions on the remote device and capable of interaction by a user therewith (col. 7, lines 7-20 and col. 7, lines 48-58).

Humpleman does not teach comparing the user interface data with a user interface template, the user interface template including one or more representations. Moshfeghi discloses comparing embedded browser functionality with a user profile template which includes one or

more representations (col. 3, lines 10-25, col. 8, lines 35-44 and col. 11, lines 8-9). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to use the teaching from Moshfeghi of comparing embedded browser functionality with a user profile template in Humpleman's system since the functionality and appearance of the user interface is configured from information in the user profile to limit access to resources;

As per claim 2, which is dependent on claim 1, Humpleman teaches:

accepting input corresponding to the interaction by the user with a selected one of the representations; and communicating the input to the remote device through the network such that the user is able to utilize the user interface function on the remote device corresponding to the selected representation (col. 7, lines 41-47).

As per claim 3, which is dependent on claim 2, it is inherent in Humpleman's system to translate the input into utilization by the user of the user interface function on the remote device corresponding to the selected representation.

As per claim 4, which is dependent on claim 1, Humpleman teaches the user interface functions on the remote device include selecting output and changing output (fig. 11).

As per claim 5, which is dependent on claim 1, Humpleman teaches:

Monitoring the interaction of the user with the display of the one more representations (user selects on 712 buttons of fig. 11); and storing data representative of the monitored

interaction (it is inherent in Humpleman's system that the visited web pages will be stored in the temporary memory), the monitored interaction data capable of being used to configure the display of the representation (it is inherent in Humpleman's system that the visited web pages in the temporary catch memory will be used to configure the display of the representation).

As per claim 8, which is dependent on claim 1, Humpleman teaches:

identifying a resource on the remote device with which the user interacts; and loading a user interface corresponding to the identified resource (fig. 11).

As per independent claim 9, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

As per claim 10, which is dependent on claim 9, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 2.

As per claim 11, which is dependent on claim 10, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 3.

As per claim 12, which is dependent on claim 9, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 5.

As per independent claim 13, it is a similar scope to claim 1; therefore, it should be rejected under similar scope.

As per claim 14, which is dependent on claim 13, it is a similar scope to claim 2; therefore, it should be rejected under similar scope.

As per claim 15, which is dependent on claim 14, it is a similar scope to claim 3; therefore, it should be rejected under similar scope.

As per claim 17, which is dependent on claim 16, Humpleman teaches the resource is a web page (col. 7, lines 48-51).

As per claim 18, which is dependent on claim 16, wherein the evaluated interaction includes selecting an icon (col. 7, line 44).

As per independent claim 19, Humpleman teaches a method of loading a user interface, comprising:

accessing a resource on a remote device through a network (col. 7, lines 7-9);

evaluating interaction of a user with the resource; identifying the resource based on the evaluated interaction; and loading a user interface corresponding to the identified resource (col. 7, lines 41-46);

receiving user interface data describing one or more user interface functions on the remote device through the network (col. 7, lines 6-7 and col. 7, lines 48-58);

configuring the load user interface based on the user interface data, the loaded interface including one or more representations, each representation corresponding to one of the user interface functions on the remote device and capable of interaction by the user therewith (col. 7, lines 7-20 and col. 7, lines 48-58).

Humpleman does not teach comparing the user interface data with a user interface template, the user interface template including one or more representations. Moshfeghi discloses comparing embedded browser functionality with a user profile template which includes one or more representations (col. 3, lines 10-25, col. 8, lines 35-44 and col. 11, lines 8-9). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to use the teaching from Moshfeghi of comparing embedded browser functionality with a user profile template in Humpleman's system since the functionality and appearance of the user interface is configured from information in the user profile to limit access to resources;

As per claim 20, which is dependent on claim 19, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 2.

As per claim 21, which is dependent on claim 20, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 3.

As per claim 22, which is dependent on claim 19, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 5.

As per independent claim 27, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

As per claim 28, which is dependent on claim 27, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 2.

As per claim 29, which is dependent on claim 28, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 3.

As per claims 30, 31, and 32, which are dependent on claims 1, 9, and 19 respectively, they are rejected under the same rationale as claim 5.

As per claim 34, Moshfeghi teaches the one or more representations include at least one of a cursor control element, a browser control element, or a window control element (col. 8, lines 35-53).

7. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Humpleman in view of Moshfeghi and further in view of Cragun et al. ("Cragun", US 5,973,683).

As per claims 6 and 7, which are both dependent on claim 5, modified Humpleman does not disclose the monitored interaction data includes an amount of time and a number of times spent by the user interacting with a selected one of the representations, and further wherein the display of the representations is configured to include the selected representation is greater than a

threshold amount of time and number of times. Cragun discloses content displayed on the television is controlled based on a viewer profile that monitors the quantity of time a viewer spends viewing content (col. 6, lines 1-28). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to use the teaching from Cragun of displaying the content on the television based on a viewer profile that monitors the quantity of time a viewer spends viewing content in modified Humpleman's system since it would control the display content in response to the past behavior of a viewer.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 09/20/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argued the following:

Moshfeghi fails to satisfy the requirement in claims 1, 9, 13 and 19 that "each representation" corresponds "to one of the user interface functions on the remote device."

Examiner disagrees for the following reasons:

One or more representations, such as network access indications, universal resource identifiers and browser functionality, in fact, corresponds to one of the user interface functions on the remote device, such as the ability to gain access to the restricted network, ability to gain access to restricted universal resource identifiers and also other configurable aspects of browser functionality (e.g. col. 8, lines 35-53.) Therefore, Moshfeghi clearly teaches "each representation" corresponds "to one of the user interface functions on the remote device."

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Conclusion

9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Inquiries

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nhon (Gary) D Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)272-4139. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday with every other Monday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather R Herndon can be reached on (571)272-4136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Nhon (Gary) Nguyen February 8, 2005

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